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OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

## **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

**REGULAR SESSION, 1992** 

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO. 362

(By Senator <u>Magnu</u>, et al

PASSED <u>Mus from</u> Passage

#### ENROLLED

## COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### FOR

### Senate Bill No. 362

(Senators Wagner, Chafin, Spears, Wooton, Felton, Withers, Bailey, Sharpe, Pritt and J. Manchin, original sponsors)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article three, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to abandoned mine land reclamation; setting forth a short title; providing legislative findings and intent and purpose of the article; specifying the jurisdiction and authority of the director; defining terms; objectives of abandoned land reclamation fund; specifying lands eligible for reclamation; creating certain special funds; powers and duties of the director regarding program, plans and reclamation projects; allowing the director to acquire and reclaim land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices; liens against reclaimed land; landowners petitions and appeals; priority of liens; filling voids and sealing tunnels; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants; transfer of funds; interagency cooperation; and increasing from fifteen percent to thirty percent the maximum amount of state abandoned mine reclamation funds that may be used for water projects in the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. ABANDONED MINE LANDS AND RECLAMATION ACT.

#### §22-3-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and cited as the "Aban-
- 2 doned Mine Lands and Reclamation Act''.

#### §22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of director.

- The Legislature finds that there are a substantial 1
- 2 number of acres of land throughout the state that
- 3 were disturbed by surface-mining operations prior to
- 4 the time of present day effective control and regula-
- 5 tion. There was little or no reclamation conducted and
- 6 the impacts from these unreclaimed lands impose
- 7 social and economic costs on residents in nearby and
- 8 adjoining areas as well as continue to impair environ-
- 9 mental quality, prevent or damage the beneficial use
- 10 of land or water resources, or endanger the health and
- 11 safety of the public.
- 12 Further, the Legislature finds and declares that, due
- 13 to the passage of Public Law 95-87, certain areas
- 14 within the boundaries of this state do not meet present
- 15 day standards for reclamation.
- 16 Further, the Legislature finds that Title IV of the
- 17 Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977,
- 18 Public Law 95-87, provides for the collection of thirty-
- 19 five cents per ton of coal produced from surface-mine
- 20 operations and fifteen cents per ton of coal produced
- 21 from underground mine operations in West Virginia to
- 22 be collected by the secretary of the United States
- 23 department of the interior until the thirtieth day of
- 24 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. At
- 25 least fifty percent of the funds collected are to be
- 26 allocated directly to the state of West Virginia to
- 27 accomplish reclamation of abandoned coal mining
- 28 operations, as of the date the state of West Virginia

- 29 obtained an approved abandoned mine reclamation
- 30 plan in accordance with Sections 405 and 503 of Public
- 31 Law 95-87.
- 32 Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature by this
- 33 article to vest jurisdiction and authority in the director
- 34 of the division of environmental protection to main-
- 35 tain program approval by, and receipt of funds from,
- 36 the United States department of the interior to
- 37 accomplish the desired restoration and reclamation of
- 38 our land and water resources.

#### §22-3-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) All definitions set forth in article three of chapter
- 2 twenty-two-a of this code apply to those defined terms
- B which also appear in this article, if applicable.
- 4 (b) For the purposes of this article the following
- 5 words have the meanings ascribed to them in this
- 6 subsection:
- 7 (1) "Director" means the director of the division of
- 8 environmental protection;
- 9 (2) "Division" means the division of environmental
- 10 protection; and
- 11 (3) "Secretary" means the secretary of the United
- 12 States Department of Interior.

# §22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.

- 1 (a) All abandoned land reclamation funds available
- 2 under Title IV of Public Law 95-87, private donations
- 3 received, any state appropriated or transferred funds,
- 4 or funds received from the sale of land by the director,
- 5 under this article shall be deposited with the treasurer
- 6 of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the
- 7 abandoned land reclamation fund heretofore created,
- 8 and expended pursuant to the requirements of this
- 9 article.
- 10 (b) Moneys in the fund may be used by the director
- 11 for the following:
- 12 (1) Reclamation and restoration of land and water

13 resources adversely affected by past coal surfacemining operations, including, but not limited to, 15 reclamation and restoration of abandoned surface 16 mine areas, abandoned coal processing areas and abandoned coal processing waste areas; sealing and 18 filling abandoned deep mine entries and voids; planting of land adversely affected by past coal surface-19 mining operations to prevent erosion and sedimenta-20 tion; prevention, abatement, treatment and control of 21 22 water pollution created by coal mine drainage, including restoration of stream beds and construction and 23 24 operation of water treatment plants; prevention, 25 abatement and control of burning coal processing waste areas and burning coal in situ; prevention, 27 abatement and control of coal mine subsidence: and 28 payment of administrative expenses and all other 29 necessary expenses incurred to accomplish the purpose of this article: *Provided*, That all expenditures 30 from this fund shall reflect the following priorities in 31 32 the order stated:

- 33 (A) The protection of public health, safety, general 34 welfare and property from extreme danger of adverse 35 effects of past surface-mining practices;
- 36 (B) The protection of public health, safety and
  37 general welfare from adverse effects of past coal
  38 surface-mining practices;
- 39 (C) The restoration of land and water resources and 40 environment previously degraded by adverse effects of 41 past coal surface-mining practices, including measures 42 for the conservation and development of soil, water 43 (excluding channelization), woodland, fish and wild-44 life, recreation resources and agricultural productivity;
- 45 (D) Research and demonstration projects relating to 46 the development of surface-mining reclamation and 47 water quality control program methods and techniques;
- 48 (E) The protection, repair, replacement, construction 49 or enhancement of public facilities such as utilities, 50 roads, recreation and conservation facilities adversely 51 affected by past coal surface-mining practices; and

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- 52 (F) The development of publicly owned land 53 adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices, including land acquired as provided in this article 55 for recreation and historic purposes, conservation and 56 reclamation purposes and open space benefits.
- (2) (A) The director may expend up to thirty percent 58 of the funds allocated to the state in any year through 59 the grants made available under paragraphs (1) and 60 (5), subsection (g) of Section 402 of Public Law 95-87 61 for the purpose of protecting, repairing, replacing, 62 constructing or enhancing facilities relating to water 63 supply, including water distribution facilities and treatment plants, to replace water supplies adversely affected by coal surface-mining practices.
- 66 (B) If the adverse effects on water supplies referred 67 to in this subdivision occurred both prior to and after 68 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 69 seventy-seven, subdivision (3) of this subsection shall 70 not be construed to prohibit the state from using funds for the purposes of this subdivision if the director 72 determines that the adverse effects occurred predominantly prior to the third day of August, one thousand 73nine hundred seventy-seven.
- (3) The director may receive and retain up to ten 76 percent of the total of the grants made annually to the state under paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g) of Section 404 of Public Law 95-87 if the amounts are deposited to the credit of either:
- 80 (A) A special account in the state treasury desig-81 nated the "Reclamation and Restoration Fund" which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the director for administrative and 84 personnel expenses and to achieve the priorities stated in subdivision (1) of this subsection after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-86 87 five: or
- 88 (B) A special account in the state treasury designated the "Acid Mine Drainage Abatement and Treat-89 ment Fund" which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the director for administra-

tive and personnel expenses and to implement, in 93 consultation with the United States soil conservation service, acid mine drainage abatement and treatment 95 plans approved by the secretary of the United States 96 department of interior. The plans shall provide for the 97 comprehensive abatement of the causes and treatment 98 of the effects of acid mine drainage within qualified 99 hydrologic units affected by coal surface-mining practices. 100

101 (c) Except as provided for in this subsection, lands 102 and water eligible for reclamation or drainage abate-103 ment expenditures under this article are those which 104 were mined for coal or which were affected by the 105 mining, wastebanks, coal processing or other coal 106 mining processes, and abandoned or left in an inade-107 quate reclamation status prior to the third day of 108 August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and for which there is no continuing reclamation 109 110 responsibility: Provided, That moneys from the funds 111 made available by the secretary of the United States 112 department of interior pursuant to paragraphs (1) and 113 (5), subsection (g), Section 402 of Public Law 95-87 may 114 be expended for the reclamation or drainage abate-115 ment of a site that: (1) The surface-mining operation 116 occurred during the period beginning on the fourth 117 day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-118 seven, and ending on or before the twenty-first day of 119 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, and 120 that any funds for reclamation or abatement which 121 are available pursuant to a bond or other financial 122 guarantee or from any other source, and not sufficient 123 to provide for adequate reclamation or abatement of 124 the site; or (2) the surface-mining operation occurred during the period beginning on the fourth day of 125 126 August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, 127 and ending on or before the first day of October, one 128 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and that the 129 surety of the surface-mining operation became insol-130 vent during that period, and as of the first day of 131 October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, funds 132immediately available from proceeding relating to the insolvency or from any financial guarantees or other

- 134 sources are not sufficient to provide for adequate 135 reclamation of the site: *Provided*, *however*, That the 136 director, with the concurrence of the secretary, makes 137 either of the above-stated findings, and that the site is 138 eligible, or more urgent than the reclamation priori-139 ties set forth in paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision 140 (1), subsection (2) of this section.
- (d) One purpose of this article is to provide additional and cumulative remedies to abate the pollution of the waters of the state and nothing contained in this article abridges or alters rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this article or any act done by virtue of this article be construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons as riparian owners or otherwise in the exercise of their rights to suppress nuisances or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing or to recover damages.
- 152 (e) Where the governor certifies that the above 153 objectives of the fund have been achieved and there is 154 a need for construction of specific public facilities in 155 communities impacted by coal development, and other 156 sources of federal funds are inadequate and the 157 secretary concurs, then the director may expend 158 money from the fund for the construction.

# §22-3-5. Powers and duties of director; program plans and reclamation projects.

- 1 (a) The director shall submit to the secretary of the 2 interior a state reclamation plan and annual projects 3 to carry out the purposes of this article.
- 4 (b) That reclamation plan shall generally identify 5 the areas to be reclaimed, the purposes for which the 6 reclamation is proposed, the relationship of the lands 7 to be reclaimed and the proposed reclamation to 8 surrounding areas, the specific criteria for ranking and 9 identifying projects to be funded and the legal authority and programatic capability to perform the work in 11 conformance with the provisions of this article.
- 12 (c) On an annual basis, the director shall submit to

- 13 the secretary of the interior an application for the
- 14 support of the state program and implementation of
- 15 specific reclamation projects. The annual requests
- 16 shall include information as may be requested by the
- 17 secretary of the interior including:
- 18 (1) A general description of each proposed project;
- 19 (2) A priority evaluation of each proposed project;
- 20 (3) A statement of the estimated benefits in such
- 21 terms as number of acres restored, miles of stream
- 22 improved, acres of surface lands protected from
- subsidence, population protected from subsidence, air
- 24 pollution and hazards of mine and coal refuse disposal
- 25 area fires:
- 26 (4) An estimate of the cost for each proposed project;
- 27 (5) In the case of proposed research and demonstra-
- 28 tion projects, a description of the specific techniques to
- be evaluated or objective to be attained; 29
- 30 (6) An identification of lands or interest therein to 31 be acquired and the estimated cost; and
- 32 (7) In each year after the first in which a plan is
- 33 filed under this article, an inventory of each project
- 34 funded under the previous year's grant, which inven-35 tory shall include details of financial expenditures on
- 36 the project together with a brief description of the
- 37project, including the project's location, the land-
- owner's name, acreage and the type of reclamation
- 39 performed.
- 40 (d) The costs for each proposed project under this
- 41 section shall include actual construction costs, actual
- 42 operation and maintenance costs of permanent facili-
- 43 ties, planning and engineering costs, construction
- 44 inspection costs and other necessary administrative
- 45 expenses.

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## §22-3-6. Acquisition and reclamation of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.

- (a) If the director makes a finding of fact that:
- 2 (1) Land or water resources have been adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices;
- 4 (2) The adverse effects are at a stage where, in the 5 public interest, action to restore, reclaim, abate, 6 control or prevent should be taken;
- 7 (3) The owners of the land or water resources where 8 entry must be made to restore, reclaim, abate, control 9 or prevent the adverse effects of past coal surface-0 mining practices are not known or readily available; or
- 11 (4) The owners will not give permission for the 12 director, his or her agents, employees or contractors to 13 enter upon the property to restore, reclaim, abate, 14 control or prevent the adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices, then, upon giving notice by 15 16 mail to the owners, if known, or if not known by posting notice upon the premises and advertising once 18 in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in 19 which the land lies, the director, his or her agents, 20 employees or contractors have the right to enter upon the property adversely affected by past coal surface-21 22 mining practices and any other property to have access to the property to do all things necessary or expedient to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent 25 the adverse effects. The entry shall be construed as an 26 exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of public health, safety and general welfare 27 28 and shall not be construed as an act of condemnation 29of property nor of trespass thereon. The moneys expended for the work and the benefits accruing to 30 31 any premises so entered upon is chargeable against the land and mitigates or offsets any claim in or any action 32brought by any owner of any interest in the premises for any alleged damages by virtue of the entry: *Provided*, That this provision is not intended to create 35 new rights of action or eliminate existing immunities. 36
- 37 (b) The director, his or her agents, employees or

- 38 contractors have the right to enter upon any property 39 for the purpose of conducting studies or exploratory work to determine the existence of adverse effects of 41 past coal mining practices and to determine the 42 feasibility of restoration, reclamation, abatement, 43 control or prevention of the adverse effects. The entry 44 shall be construed as an exercise of the police power 45 of the state for the protection of public health, safety 46 and general welfare and shall not be construed as an 47 act of condemnation of property nor trespass thereon.
- 48 (c) The director may acquire any land by purchase, 49 donation or condemnation, which is adversely affected 50 by past coal surface-mining practices, if the director 51 determines that acquisition of the land is necessary to 52 successful reclamation and that:
- 53 (1) The acquired land, after restoration, reclamation, 54 abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects 55 of past coal surface-mining practices will serve recre-56 ation, historic, conservation or reclamation purposes or 57 provide open space benefits;
- 58 (2) Permanent facilities such as a treatment plant or 59 a relocated stream channel will be constructed on the 60 land for the restoration, reclamation, abatement, 61 control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal 62 surface-mining practices; or
- 63 (3) Acquisition of coal refuse disposal sites and all 64 coal refuse thereon will serve the purposes of this 65 article or that public ownership is desirable to meet 66 emergency situations and prevent recurrences of the 67 adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices.
- (d) Title to all lands acquired pursuant to this section shall be in the name of the state of West Virginia, by the West Virginia division of environmental protection. The price paid for land acquired under this section shall reflect the fair market value of the land as adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.
- 75 (e) The director is hereby authorized to transfer 76 land obtained under subsection (c) of this section to

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77 the secretary. The director may purchase the land 78 from the secretary after reclamation at the fair market value less the state's original acquisition price.

- (f) The director may accept and local political 81 subdivisions may transfer to the director land belong-82 ing to them to carry out the purposes set out in this article and in that event they shall have a preferential 84 right to purchase the land after reclamation at the fair 85 market value less the political subdivision's cost of 86 acquisition, but at no time shall the director sell the 87 land to a political subdivision at a price less than the 88 cost of the acquisition and reclamation of the land: 89 Provided, That if any land sold to a political subdivi-90 sion under this subsection is not used for a valid public purpose as specified by the director in the terms and 92 conditions of the sales agreement, then all rights, title and interest in the land shall revert to the West 94 Virginia division of environmental protection. Any 95 moneys received from the sale shall be deposited in 96 the abandoned land reclamation fund.
- 97 (g) Where land acquired pursuant to this section is 98 considered to be suitable for industrial, commercial, 99 residential or recreational development, the director 100 may sell the land by public sale under a system of competitive bidding at not less than fair market value 101 and pursuant to regulations promulgated to ensure 102 103 that the lands are put to proper use consistent with 104 state and local land use plans.
- 105 (h) The director, if requested and after appropriate 106 public notice, shall hold a public hearing in the county 107 in which land acquired pursuant to this section is 108 located. The hearing shall be held at a time which 109 shall afford local citizens and government the maxi-110 mum opportunity to participate in the decision con-111 cerning the use and disposition of the land after 112 restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surface-113 114 mining practices.
- 115 (i) In addition to the authority to acquire land under 116 other provisions of this section, the director is autho-

rized to use money in the fund to acquire land from 118 any federal, state or local government or from a 119 political subdivision thereof, or from any person, firm, 120 association or corporation, if he or she determines that 121 such is an integral and necessary element of an 122 economically feasible plan for the project to construct 123 or rehabilitate housing for persons disabled as the 124 result of employment in the mines or work incidental 125 thereto, persons displaced by acquisition of land pursuant to this section, or persons dislocated as the 126 127 result of adverse effects of coal surface-mining practi-128 ces which constitute an emergency as provided in 129 Section 410 of Public Law 95-87, or persons dislocated 130 as the result of natural disasters or catastrophic 131 failures from any cause. The activities shall be accom-132 plished under such terms and conditions as the 133 director shall require, which may include transfers of land with or without monetary consideration: Pro-134 135 vided. That to the extent that the consideration is 136 below the fair market value of the land transferred, no 137 portion of the difference between the fair market 138 value and the consideration shall accrue as a profit to 139 such persons, firm, association or corporation. No part 140 of the funds provided under this article may be used 141 to pay the actual construction costs of housing. The 142 director may carry out the purposes of this subsection directly or he or she may make grants and commit-143 144 ments for grants, and may advance money under such 145 terms and conditions as he or she may require to any 146 department, agency or political subdivision of this state, or any public body or nonprofit organization 147 designated by the director.

#### §22-3-7. Liens against reclaimed land; petition by landowner; appeal; priority of liens.

1 (a) Within six months after the completion of a 2 project to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent 3 adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices on 4 a privately owned land, the director shall itemize the 5 moneys so expended and may file a statement thereof 6 in the office of the clerk of the county commission in 7 the county in which the land lies, together with a

8 notarized appraisal by an independent appraiser of the 9 value of the land before the restoration, reclamation. 10 abatement, control or prevention of adverse effects of 11 past surface-mining practices, if the moneys so 12 expended result in a significant increase in property 13 value. The statement constitutes a lien upon the land. 14 The lien shall not exceed the amount determined by 15 the appraisal to be the increase in the market value of 16 the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation. abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects 17 18 of past surface-mining practices. No lien may be filed against the property of any person in accordance with 19 20 this subsection, who owned the surface prior to the 21 second day of May, one thousand nine hundred 22 seventy-seven, and who neither consented to, nor participated in, nor exercised control over the mining operation which necessitated the reclamation performed hereunder. 25

- (b) The landowner may petition the director within sixty days of the filing of the lien to determine the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices. The amount reported to be the increase in value of the premises constitutes the amount of lien and shall be recorded with the statement herein provided. Any party aggrieved by the decision may appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the land is located.
- 37 (c) The statement filed pursuant to subsection (a) of 38 this section, constitutes a lien upon the land as of the 39 date of the expenditure of the moneys and has priority 40 as a lien second only to the lien of real estate taxes 41 imposed upon the land.

#### §22-3-8. Filling voids and sealing tunnels.

- 1 (a) The Legislature declares that voids, open and 2 abandoned tunnels, shafts and entryways and subsi-
- 3 dence resulting from any previous coal surface-mining
- 4 operation constitute a hazard to the public welfare and
- 5 safety and that surface impacts of any underground or

- 6 surface-mining operation may degrade the environ-
- 7 ment. The director is authorized to fill the voids, seal
- 8 the abandoned tunnels, shafts and entryways, and
- 9 reclaim surface impacts of underground or surface
- 10 mines and remove water and other matter from mines
- 11 which the director determines could endanger life and
- 12 property, constitute a hazard to the public welfare and
- 13 safety or degrade the environment.
- 14 (b) In those instances where coal mine waste piles
- 15 are being reworked for conservation purposes, the
- 16 incremental costs of disposing of the wastes from such
- 17 operations by filling voids and sealing tunnels may be
- 18 eligible for funding, if the disposal of those wastes
- 19 meets the purposes of this article.
- 20 (c) The director may acquire by purchase, donation,
- 21 easement or otherwise such interest in land as he or
- 22 she determines necessary to carry out the provisions
- 23 of this section.

# §22-3-9. General and miscellaneous powers and duties of director; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds and interagency cooperation.

- 1 (a) The director is authorized to engage in any work 2 and to do all things necessary and proper, including
- 3 promulgation of rules and regulations, to implement
- 4 and administer the provisions of this article.
- 5 (b) The director is authorized to engage in coopera-
- 6 tive projects under this article with any other agency
- 7 of the United States of America, any state, county or
- 8 municipal agency or subdivision thereof.
- 9 (c) The director may request the attorney general,
- 10 who is hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any
- 11 other remedies provided for in this article, in any
- 12 court of competent jurisdiction, an action in equity for
- 13 an injunction to restrain any interference with the
- 14 exercise of the right to enter or to conduct any work
- 15 provided in this article.
- 16 (d) The director has the authority to construct and

17 operate a plant or any facilities for the control and treatment of water pollution resulting from mine 19 drainage. The extent of this control and treatment 20 may be dependent upon the ultimate use of the water: 21 Provided, That this subsection shall not repeal or 22supersede any portion of the applicable federal or state 23 water pollution control laws and no control or treatment under this section may be less than that 25 required under any applicable federal or state water pollution control law. The construction of any facilities 2627 may include major interceptors and other facilities 28 appurtenant to the plant.

29 (e) All departments, boards, commissions and agen-30 cies of the state shall cooperate with the director by 31 providing technical expertise, personnel, equipment, 32 materials and supplies to implement and administer 33 the provisions of this article.

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The	Joint	Committee	on	Enrolled	Bills	hereby	certifies
that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.							

Lomer Leck
Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

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In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

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